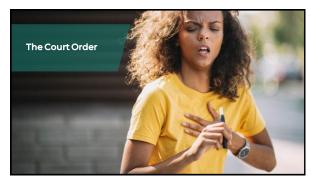


Federal Regulations on Flavored Tobacco Federal regulations restrict cigarette flavors (only menthol allowed) and marketing (limited to point-of-sale). Cigarettes must be sold in packs of 20, making them more expensive. New products like e-cigarettes bypass these rules: Allow flavored options appealing to youth. Use aggressive marketing visible to young audiences. Are sold individually, making them cheap and accessible. Tobacco control policies lag behind in regulating non-cigarette products (e.g., little cigars, hookah).



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Juul settled multiple lawsuits in the last several years.	
 States were involved in multistate or independent settlement agreements. 	
 Many local jurisdictions participated in multidistrict litigation. 	
	several years. States were involved in multistate or independent settlement agreements. Many local jurisdictions participated in



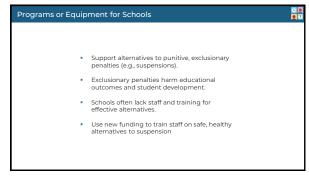


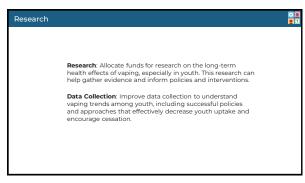




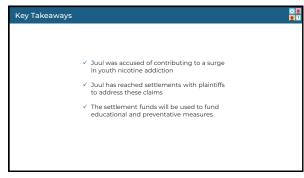
Settlement Actions in Oregon Settlement: 33 Multistate AG Settlement Total amount of money allocated - \$19,247,144.03 How Allocated: Programs for youth cessation Education or prevention programs Research on youth prevention Programs or equipment for schools Enforcement efforts for state and federal laws regarding ENDS and synthetic nicotine products

Cessation Assistance to Oregon Residents	<u>. </u>
 Provide evidence-based cessation programs that are both culturally tailored and appropriate for youth. 	
 Support existing initiatives that provide counseling, support groups, and nicotine replacement therapies to help youth quit vaping. 	













Department	I E-Cigarettes Toolkit of Health and Human Services Imedia.hhs.gov/tobacco/print_materials/CTP-218?locale=en
	ional Youth Tobacco Survey d Drug Administration
	fda.gov/tobacco-products/youth-and-tobacco/results-annual-national-youth-tobacco-survey
	ettlement Guide and Map
	n Law Center publichealthlawcenter.org/resources/juul-settlement-state-map
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